HOUSE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 896

1 AN ACT To repeal sections 326.256, 326.271, 326.280, 2 3 326.283, 326.286, 326.289, 326.292, 329.010, 329.040, 329.045, 329.050, 329.070, 329.080, 4 5 329.085, 329.110, 329.180, and 329.190, RSMo, 6 and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-eight new 7 sections relating to public accountants, 8 private investigators, and electrologists, 9 with penalty provisions. 10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, 11 AS FOLLOWS: 12 Sections 326.256, 326.271, 326.280, 326.283, Section A. 326.286, 326.289, 326.292, 329.010, 329.040, 329.045, 329.050, 13 329.070, 329.080, 329.085, 329.110, 329.180, and 329.190, RSMo, 14 15 are repealed and thirty-eight new sections enacted in lieu 16 thereof, to be known as sections 324.1100, 324.1102, 324.1104, 17 324.1106, 324.1108, 324.1110, 324.1112, 324.1114, 324.1116, 18 324.1118, 324.1120, 324.1122, 324.1124, 324.1126, 324.1128, 19 324.1130, 324.1132, 324.1134, 324.1136, 324.1138, 324.1140, 326.256, 326.271, 326.280, 326.283, 326.286, 326.289, 326.292, 20 21 329.010, 329.040, 329.045, 329.050, 329.070, 329.080, 329.085, 22 329.110, 329.180, and 329.190, to read as follows: 23 324.1100. As used in sections 324.1100 to 324.1140, the

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following terms mean:

1	(1) "Board", the board of private investigator examiners
2	established in section 324.1102;
3	(2) "Client", any person who engages the services of a
4	private investigator;
5	(3) "Department", the department of economic development;
6	(4) "Law enforcement officer", a law enforcement officer as
7	defined in section 556.061, RSMo;
8	(5) "Organization", a corporation, trust, estate,
9	partnership, cooperative, or association;
10	(6) "Person", an individual or organization;
11	(7) "Private investigator", any person who receives any
12	consideration, either directly or indirectly, for engaging in the
13	private investigator business;
14	(8) "Private investigator agency", a person who regularly
15	employs any other person, other than an organization, to engage
16	in the private investigator business;
17	(9) "Private investigator business", the furnishing of,
18	making of, or agreeing to make, any investigation for the purpose
19	of obtaining information pertaining to:
20	(a) Crimes or wrongs done or threatened against the United
21	States or any state or territory of the United States;
22	(b) The identity, habits, conduct, business, occupation,
23	honesty, integrity, credibility, knowledge, trustworthiness,
24	efficiency, loyalty, activity, movement, whereabouts,
25	affiliations, associations, transactions, acts, reputation, or

1	character	of	anv	person;

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- 2 (c) The location, disposition, or recovery of lost or
 3 stolen property;
 - (d) Securing evidence to be used before any court, board, officer, or investigating committee;
- 6 (e) Sale of personal identifier information to the public;
 7 or
 - (f) The cause or responsibility for libel, losses, accident, or damage or injury to persons or property or personal protection of life or property.
 - 324.1102. 1. The "Board of Private Investigator Examiners" is hereby created within the division of professional registration. The board shall be a body corporate and may sue and be sued.
 - 2. The board shall be composed of five members appointed by the qovernor with the advice and consent of the senate. Each member of the board shall be a citizen of the United States, a resident of Missouri, at least thirty years of age, and shall have been actively engaged in the private investigator business for the previous five years. No more than one board member may be employed by, or affiliated with, the same private investigator agency. The initial board members shall not be required to be licensed but shall obtain a license within one hundred eighty days after the effective date of the rules promulgated pursuant to sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 regarding licensure.

3. The members shall be appointed for terms of four years, except those first appointed, in which case two members, who shall be private investigators, shall be appointed for terms of four years, two members shall be appointed for terms of three years and one member shall be appointed for a one-year term. Any vacancy on the board shall be filled for the unexpired term of the member and in the manner as the first appointment.

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- 4. The members of the board may receive compensation, as determined by the director for their services but shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in performing their official duties on the board.
- 5. There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Board of Private Investigator Examiners Fund", hereafter the fund, which shall consist of money collected pursuant to sections 324.1100 to 324.1140. The fund shall be administered by the board of private investigator examiners, which shall collect the fees authorized by sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 and transmit them to the director of revenue for deposit to the state treasury to the credit of the fund. Money in the fund shall be used solely for the purposes of the board of private investigator examiners, as authorized by sections 324.1100 to 324.1140.
- 6. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, no portion of the fund shall be transferred to the general revenue fund, and any appropriation made to the fund shall not lapse. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in

1	the same manner as other funds are invested. Interest and moneys
2	earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
3	324.1104. Unless expressly exempted from the provisions of
4	sections 324.1100 to 324.1140:
5	(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the
6	private investigator business in this state unless such person is
7	licensed as a private investigator pursuant to sections 324.1100
8	to 324.1140;
9	(2) It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in
10	business in this state as a private investigator agency unless
11	such person is licensed pursuant to sections 324.1100 to
12	324.1140.
13	324.1106. The following persons shall not be deemed to be
14	engaging in the private investigator business:
15	(1) A person employed exclusively and regularly by one
16	employer in connection only with the affairs of such employer and
17	where there exists an employer-employee relationship;
18	(2) Any officer or employee of the United States, or of
19	this state or a political subdivision thereof while engaged in
20	the performance of the officer's or employee's official duties;
21	(3) A consumer reporting agency as defined in 15 U.S.C.
22	Section 1681(a) and its contract and salaried employees;
23	(4) An attorney performing duties as an attorney, or an
24	attorney's paralegal or employee retained by such attorney

assisting in the performance of such duties or investigation on

behalf of such attorney;

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- within the scope of employment, while making an investigation

 incidental to the business of the agency, including an

 investigation of the location of a debtor or a debtor's property

 where the contract with an assignor creditor is for the

 collection of claims owed or due, or asserted to be owed or due,

 or the equivalent thereof;
 - (6) Insurers, agents, and insurance brokers licensed by the state, performing duties in connection with insurance transacted by them;
 - (7) Any bank subject to the jurisdiction of the director of the division of finance of the state of Missouri or the comptroller of currency of the United States;
 - (8) An insurance adjuster. For the purposes of sections

 324.1100 to 324.1140, an "insurance adjuster" means any person

 who receives any consideration, either directly or indirectly,

 for adjusting in the disposal of any claim under or in connection

 with a policy of insurance or engaging in soliciting insurance

 adjustment business;
 - (9) Any private fire inspector whose primary purpose of employment is the determination of the origin, nature, cause, or calculation of losses relevant to a fire; or
 - (10) Employees of a not-for-profit organization or its affiliate or subsidiary who makes and processes requests on

1	behalf of health care providers and facilities for employee
2	criminal and other background information pursuant to section
3	660.317. RSMo.

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- 324.1108. 1. Every person desiring to be licensed in this state as a private investigator or private investigator agency shall make application therefor to the board of private investigator examiners. An application for a license pursuant to the provisions of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 shall be on a form prescribed by the board of private investigator examiners and accompanied by the required application fee. An application shall be verified and shall include:
 - (1) The full name and business address of the applicant;
- (2) The name under which the applicant intends to do business;
- (3) A statement as to the general nature of the business in which the applicant intends to engage;
- (4) A statement as to the classification or classifications under which the applicant desires to be qualified;
- (5) Two recent photographs of the applicant, of a type prescribed by the board of private investigator examiners, and two classifiable sets of the applicant's fingerprints;
- (6) A verified statement of the applicant's experience qualifications; and
- (7) Such other information, evidence, statements, or documents as may be required by the board of private investigator

1	<u>examiners.</u>
2	2. Before an application for a license may be granted, the
3	applicant shall:
4	(1) Be at least twenty-one years of age;
5	(2) Be a citizen of the United States;
6	(3) Provide proof of insurance with amount to be no less
7	than one million in coverage for liability and proof of workers'
8	compensation insurance as required in chapter 287, RSMo. The
9	board shall have the authority to raise the requirements as
10	deemed necessary; and
11	(4) Comply with such other qualifications as the board
12	adopts by rules and regulations.
13	324.1110. 1. The board of private investigator examiners
14	shall require as a condition of licensure as a private
15	investigator that the applicant:
16	(1) Successfully complete a course of training conducted by
17	a trainer certified pursuant to section 324.1132;
18	(2) Pass a written examination as evidence of knowledge of
19	investigator business; and
20	(3) Submit to an oral interview with the board.
21	2. The board shall conduct a complete investigation of the
22	background of each applicant for licensure as a private
23	investigator to determine whether the applicant is qualified for
24	licensure pursuant to sections 324.1100 to 324.1140. The board
25	will outline basic qualification requirements for licensing as a

1	private investigator and agency. The board will waive testing
2	requirements and issue a license to existing persons and agencies
3	who make application within one hundred eighty days after the
4	rules go into effect and meet the requirements of subsection 3 of
5	this section.
5	3 In the event requirements have been met so that testing

- 3. In the event requirements have been met so that testing has been waived, qualification is dependant on a showing of, for the two previous years:
- (1) Registration and good standing as a business in this state; and
- (2) One quarter million dollars in business general liability insurance.

- 4. The board may review applicants seeking reciprocity. An applicant seeking reciprocity shall have undergone a licensing procedure similar to that required by this state and shall meet this state's minimum insurance requirements.
- 324.1112. The board of private investigator examiners may deny a request for a license if the applicant:
- (1) Has committed any act which, if committed by a licensee, would be grounds for the suspension or revocation of a license pursuant to the provisions of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140;
- 23 (2) Within two years prior to the effective date of this section:
 - (a) Has been convicted of or entered a plea of quilty or

1	nolo contendere to a felony offense, including the receiving of a
2	suspended imposition of sentence following a plea or finding of
3	guilty to a felony offense;
4	(b) Has been convicted of or entered a plea of quilty or
5	nolo contendere to a misdemeanor offense involving moral
6	turpitude;
7	(c) Has falsified or willfully misrepresented information
8	in an employment application, records of evidence, or in
9	testimony under oath;
10	(d) Has been dependent on or abused alcohol or drugs; or
11	(e) Has used, possessed, or trafficked in any illegal
12	<u>substance;</u>
13	(3) Been refused a license pursuant to the provisions of
14	sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 or had a license revoked in this
15	state or in any other state;
16	(4) While unlicensed, committed or aided and abetted the
17	commission of any act for which a license is required by sections
18	324.1100 to 324.1140 after the effective date of this section; or
19	(5) Knowingly made any false statement in the application.
20	324.1114. 1. Every application submitted pursuant to the
21	provisions of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 shall be accompanied
22	by a fee as determined by the board as follows:
23	(1) For an individual license, agency license and employees
24	being licensed to work under an agency license; or
25	(2) If a license is issued for a period of less than one

1 year, the fee shall be prorated for the months, or fraction
2 thereof, for which the license is issued.

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- 2. The board shall set fees as authorized by sections

 324.1100 to 324.1140 at a level to produce revenue which will not substantially exceed the cost and expense of administering sections 324.1100 to 324.1140.
- 3. The fees prescribed by sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 shall be exclusive and notwithstanding any other provision of law. No municipality may require any person licensed pursuant to sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 to furnish any bond, pass any examination, or pay any license fee or occupational tax relative to practicing the person's profession.
- 4. A private investigator license shall allow only the individual licensed by the state to conduct investigations. An agency license shall be applied for separately and held by an individual who is licensed as a private investigator. The agency may hire individuals to work for the agency conducting investigations for the agency only. Persons hired shall make application as determined by the board and meet all requirements set forth by the board except that they shall not be required to meet any experience requirements and shall be allowed to begin working immediately upon the agency submitting their applications. Employees shall attend a certified training program within a time frame to be determined by the board.

shall determine the form of the license which shall include the:

(1) Name of the licensee;

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- (2) Name under which the licensee is to operate; and
- (3) Number and date of the license.
- 2. The license shall be posted at all times in a conspicuous place in the principal place of business of the licensee. Upon the issuance of a license, a pocket card of such size, design, and content as determined by the division shall be issued without charge to each licensee. Such card shall be evidence that the licensee is licensed pursuant to the provisions of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140. When any person to whom a card is issued terminates such person's position, office, or association with the licensee, the card shall be surrendered to the licensee and within five days thereafter shall be mailed or delivered by the licensee to the board of private investigator examiners for cancellation. Within thirty days after any change of address, a licensee shall notify the board of the address change. The principal place of business may be at a residence or at a business address, but it shall be the place at which the licensee maintains a permanent office.

324.1118. 1. Any license issued pursuant to sections

324.1100 to 324.1140 shall expire two years after the date of its

issuance. Renewal of any such license shall be made in the

manner prescribed for obtaining an original license, including

payment of the appropriate fee, except that:

(1) The application upon renewal need only provide
information required of original applicants if the information
shown on the original application or any renewal thereof on file
with the board is no longer accurate;

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- (2) A new photograph shall be submitted with the application for renewal only if the photograph on file with the board has been on file more than two years; and
- (3) Additional information may be required by rules and regulations adopted by the board of private investigator examiners.
- 2. A licensee shall at all times be legally responsible for the good conduct of each of the licensee's employees or agents while engaged in the business of the licensee and the licensee is legally responsible for any acts committed by such licensee's employees or agents which are in violation of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140. A person receiving an agency license shall directly manage the agency and employees.
- 3. A license issued pursuant to the provisions of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 shall not be assignable.
- 324.1120. 1. Any licensee may divulge to the board, any law enforcement officer, or prosecuting attorney, or such person's representative, any information such person may acquire as to any criminal offense, or instruct his or her client to do so if the client is the victim but such person shall not divulge to any other person, except as he or she may be required by law

to do, any information acquired by such person at the direction

of the employer or client for whom the information was obtained.

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- 2. No licensee or officer, director, partner, associate, or employee thereof shall:
 - (1) Knowingly make any false report to his or her employer or client for whom information was being obtained;
 - (2) Cause any written report to be submitted to a client except by the licensee, and the person submitting the report shall exercise diligence in ascertaining whether or not the facts and information in such report are true and correct;
 - (3) Use a title, wear a uniform, use an insignia or an identification card, or make any statement with the intent to give an impression that such person is connected in any way with the federal government, a state government, or any political subdivision of a state government;
 - (4) Appear as an assignee party in any proceeding involving claim and delivery, replevin or other possessory action, action to foreclose a chattel mortgage, mechanic's lien, materialman's lien, or any other lien;
 - (5) Manufacture false evidence; or
 - (6) Create any video recording of an individual in their domicile without the individual's permission. Furthermore, if such video recording is made, it shall not be admissible as evidence in any civil proceeding.
 - 324.1122. Each licensee shall maintain a record containing

prescribed by the board of private investigator examiners. Such licensee shall file with the board the complete address of the licensee's principal place of business including the name and number of the street. The board may require the filing of other information for the purpose of identifying such principal place of business.

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324.1124. Every advertisement by a licensee soliciting or advertising business shall contain the licensee's name, city, and state as it appears in the records of the board of private investigator examiners. A licensee shall not advertise or conduct business from any Missouri address other than that shown on the records of the board as the licensee's principal place of business unless the licensee has received a branch office certificate for such location after compliance with the provisions of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 and such additional requirements necessary for the protection of the public as the board may prescribe by regulation. A licensee shall notify the board in writing within ten days after closing or changing the location of a branch office.

<u>a24.1126.</u> 1. The board of private investigator examiners

may suspend or revoke a license issued pursuant to sections

324.1100 to 324.1140 if, after notice and opportunity for hearing in accordance with the provisions of chapter 621, RSMo, the board determines that the licensee has:

1	(1) Made any false statement or given any false information
2	in connection with an application for a license or a renewal or
3	reinstatement thereof;
4	(2) Violated any provision of sections 324.1100 to
5	<u>324.1140;</u>
6	(3) Violated any rule of the board of private investigator
7	examiners adopted pursuant to the authority contained in sections
8	324.1100 to 324.1140;
9	(4) Impersonated, or permitted or aided and abetted an
10	employee to impersonate, a law enforcement officer or employee of
11	the United States of America, or of any state or political
12	subdivision thereof;
13	(5) Committed, or permitted any employee to commit any act,
14	while the license was expired, which would be cause for the
15	suspension or revocation of a license, or grounds for the denial
16	of an application for a license;
17	(6) Knowingly violated, or advised, encouraged, or assisted
18	the violation of, any court order or injunction in the course of
19	business as a licensee;
20	(7) Used any letterhead, advertisement, or other printed
21	matter, or in any manner whatever represented that such person is
22	an instrumentality of the federal government, a state, or any
23	political subdivision thereof;

(8) Used a name different from that under which such person is currently licensed in any advertisement, solicitation, or

contract for business; or

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- (9) Committed any act which is grounds for denial of an application for a license pursuant to the provisions of section 324.1112.
- 2. The record of conviction, or a certified copy thereof, shall be conclusive evidence of such conviction, and a plea or verdict of guilty is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning thereof.
- 3. The agency may continue under the direction of another employee if the individual holding the license is suspended or revoked as approved by the board. The board shall establish a time frame in which the agency shall identify an acceptable person who is qualified to assume control of the agency, as required by the board.
- 4. After the filing of a complaint before the administrative hearing commission, the proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 621, RSMo.

 Upon a finding by the administrative hearing commission that the grounds in subsection 1 of this section for disciplinary action are met, the board may singly or in combination censure or place the person named in the complaint on probation pursuant to such terms and conditions as the board deems appropriate for a period not to exceed five years, may suspend for a period not to exceed three years, or revoke the license.
 - 324.1128. 1. Each private investigator or investigator

agency operating pursuant to the provisions of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 shall be required to keep a complete record of the business transactions of such investigator or investigator agency for a period of seven years. Upon the service of a court order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or upon the service of a subpoena issued by the board which is based on a complaint supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the records and reports, any licensed private investigator who is the owner, partner, director, corporate officer, or custodian of business records shall provide an opportunity for the inspection of the same and to inspect reports made; but any information obtained by the board shall be kept confidential, except as may be necessary to commence and prosecute any legal proceedings. The board shall not personally enter a licensee's place of business to inspect records, but shall utilize an employee of the division of professional registration to act as a gatherer of information and facts to present to the board regarding any complaint or inspection they are looking into.

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2. For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140, and in making investigations relating to any violation thereof, the board shall have the power to subpoena and bring before the board any person in this state and require the production of any books, records, or papers which the board deems relevant to the inquiry. The board also may administer an oath to and take the testimony of any person, or cause such

person's deposition to be taken, except that any applicant or licensee or officer, director, partner, or associate thereof shall not be entitled to any fees or mileage. A subpoena issued pursuant to this section shall be governed by the Missouri rules of civil procedure and shall comply with any confidentiality standards or legal limitations imposed by privacy or open records acts, fair credit reporting acts, polygraph acts, driver privacy protection acts, judicially recognized privileged communications, and the bill of rights of both the United States and Missouri Constitutions. Any person duly subpoenaed, who fails to obey such subpoena without reasonable cause or without such cause refuses to be examined or to answer any legal or pertinent question as to the character or qualification of such applicant or licensee or such applicant's alleged unlawful or deceptive practices and methods or such violations, shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. The testimony of witnesses in any investigative proceeding shall be under oath.

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324.1130. 1. The board shall adopt such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140.

2. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo.

324.1132. 1. The board of private investigator examiners

1	shall certify persons who are qualified to train private
2	investigators.
3	2. In order to be certified as a trainer pursuant to this
4	section, a trainer shall:
5	(1) Be twenty-one or more years of age;
6	(2) Have a minimum of one-year supervisory experience with
7	a private investigator agency; and
8	(3) Be personally licensed as a private investigator
9	pursuant to sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 and qualified to train
10	private investigators.
11	3. Persons wishing to become certified trainers shall make
12	application to the board of private investigator examiners on a
13	form prescribed by the board and accompanied by a fee determined
14	by the board. The application shall contain a statement of the
15	plan of operation of the training offered by the applicant and
16	the materials and aids to be used and any other information
17	required by the board.
18	4. A certificate shall be granted to a trainer if the board
19	finds that the applicant:
20	(1) Meets the requirements of subsection 2 of this section;
21	(2) Has sufficient knowledge of private investigator
22	business to be a suitable person to train private investigators;
23	(3) Has supplied all required information to the board; and
24	(4) Has paid the required fee.
25	5. The certificate issued pursuant to this section shall

expire on the third year after the year in which it is issued and

shall be renewable triennially upon application and payment of a

fee.

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324.1134. Any person who knowingly falsifies the fingerprints or photographs or other information required to be submitted pursuant to sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 is quilty of a class D felony; and any person who violates any of the other provisions of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 is quilty of a class A misdemeanor.

324.1136. The board may negotiate and enter into reciprocal agreements with appropriate officials in other states to permit licensed private investigator agencies and licensed private investigators who meet or exceed the qualifications established in sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 to operate across state lines under mutually acceptable terms.

324.1138. Law enforcement officers who perform private investigations shall be licensed pursuant to this chapter subject to the following qualifications and limitations:

- (1) The board may waive testing for law enforcement

 officers currently certified pursuant to then existing peace

 officer standards and training requirements pursuant to chapter

 590, RSMo;
- (2) Law enforcement officers shall pay the appropriate licensing fees;
 - (3) Law enforcement officers shall assume individual

1	liability for their actions while performing private
2	investigations, complying with any insurance or bonding
3	requirements imposed pursuant to sections 324.1100 to 324.1140;
4	(4) Law enforcement officers shall not utilize their
5	official capacity in the course of a private investigation,
6	including but not limited to:
7	(a) Accessing information intended only for police
8	officials. Law enforcement officers shall comply with the legal
9	limits on access to information by a private citizen;
10	(b) Utilizing any official item, such as a uniform, badge,
11	or vehicle, while performing a private investigation. Law
12	enforcement officers shall provide their own equipment;
13	(c) Utilizing law enforcement officer arrest and use of
14	force standards. Law enforcement officers shall use private
15	person arrest and use of force standards while operating as a
16	<pre>private investigator;</pre>
17	(5) Law enforcement officers shall produce evidence of
18	training and experience concerning the legal limits imposed on
19	private investigations or pass a test on such subject produced by
20	the board; and
21	(6) The provisions of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 shall
22	not apply to law enforcement officers who provide only private
23	security services and not private investigator services.
24	324.1140. Any person who violates sections 324.1100 to

324.1140 is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. Any second or

- 1 subsequent violation of sections 324.1100 to 324.1140 is a class
- 2 <u>D felony.</u>
- 3 326.256. 1. As used in this chapter, the following terms
- 4 mean:
- 5 (1) "AICPA", the American Institute of Certified Public
- 6 Accountants;
- 7 (2) "Attest", providing the following financial statement
- 8 services:
- 9 (a) Any audit or other engagement to be performed in
- 10 accordance with the Statements on Auditing Standards (SAS);
- 11 (b) Any examination of prospective financial information to
- 12 be performed in accordance with the Statements on Standards for
- 13 Attestation Engagements (SSAE);
- 14 (3) "Board", the Missouri state board of accountancy
- established pursuant to section 326.259 or its predecessor
- 16 pursuant to prior law;
- 17 (4) "Certificate", a certificate issued pursuant to section
- 18 326.060 prior to August 28, 2001;
- 19 (5) "Certified public accountant" or "CPA", the holder of a
- 20 certificate or license as defined in this section;
- 21 (6) "Certified public accountant firm", "CPA firm" or
- "firm", a sole proprietorship, a corporation, a partnership or
- any other form of organization issued a permit pursuant to
- 24 section 326.289;
- 25 (7) "Client", a person or entity that agrees with a

licensee or licensee's employer to receive any professional
service;

- (8) "Compilation", providing a service to be performed in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services (SSARS) that is presented in the form of financial statements information that is the representation of management (owners) without undertaking to express any assurance on the statements;
- (9) "License", a license issued pursuant to section
 326.280, or a provisional license issued pursuant to section
 326.283; or, in each case, an individual license or permit issued
 pursuant to corresponding provisions of prior law;
- (10) "Licensee", the holder of a license as defined in this section;
 - (11) "Manager", a manager of a limited liability company;
 - (12) "Member", a member of a limited liability company;
- (13) "NASBA", the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy;
- (14) "Peer review", a study, appraisal or review of one or more aspects of the professional work of a licensee or certified public accountant firm that performs attest, review or compilation services, by licensees who are not affiliated either personally or through their certified public accountant firm being reviewed pursuant to the Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews promulgated by the AICPA or such other

standard adopted by regulation of the board which meets or exceeds the AICPA standards;

- (15) "Permit", a permit to practice as a certified public accountant firm issued pursuant to section 326.289 or corresponding provisions of prior law or pursuant to corresponding provisions of the laws of other states;
- (16) "Professional", arising out of or related to the specialized knowledge or skills associated with certified public accountants;
 - (17) "Public [accountancy] <u>accounting</u>":
- (a) Performing or offering to perform for an enterprise, client or potential client one or more services involving the use of accounting or auditing skills, or one or more management advisory or consulting services, or the preparation of tax returns or the furnishing of advice on tax matters by a person, firm, limited liability company or professional corporation using the title "C.P.A." or "P.A." in signs, advertising, directory listing, business cards, letterheads or other public representations;
- (b) Signing or affixing a name, with any wording indicating the person or entity has expert knowledge in accounting or auditing to any opinion or certificate attesting to the reliability of any representation or estimate in regard to any person or organization embracing financial information or facts respecting compliance with conditions established by law or

contract, including but not limited to statutes, ordinances, rules, grants, loans and appropriations; or

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- (c) Offering to the public or to prospective clients to perform, or actually performing on behalf of clients, professional services that involve or require an audit or examination of financial records leading to the expression of a written attestation or opinion concerning these records;
- "Report", when used with reference to financial (18)statements, means an opinion, report or other form of language that states or implies assurance as to the reliability of any financial statements, and that also includes or is accompanied by any statement or implication that the person or firm issuing it has special knowledge or competence in accounting or auditing. Such a statement or implication of special knowledge or competence may arise from use by the issuer of the report of names or titles indicating that the person or firm is an accountant or auditor, or from the language of the report itself. The term report includes any form of language which disclaims an opinion when such form of language is conventionally understood to imply any positive assurance as to the reliability of the financial statements referred to or special competence on the part of the person or firm issuing such language, or both, and includes any other form of language that is conventionally understood to imply such assurance or such special knowledge or competence, or both;

(19) "Review", providing a service to be performed in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services (SSARS) that is performing inquiry and analytical procedures that provide the accountant with a reasonable basis for expressing limited assurance that there are no material modifications that should be made to the statements for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles or, if applicable, with another comprehensive basis of accounting;

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- (20) "State", any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands and Guam; except that "this state" means the state of Missouri;
- (21) "Substantial equivalency", a determination by the board of accountancy or its designee that the education, examination and experience requirements contained in the statutes and administrative rules of another jurisdiction are comparable to or exceed the education, examination and experience requirements contained in this chapter or that an individual certified public accountant's education, examination and experience qualifications are comparable to or exceed the education, examination and experience requirements contained in this chapter;
- (22) "Transmittal", any transmission of information in any form, including but not limited to any and all documents, records, minutes, computer files, disks or information.

2. The statements on standards specified in this section shall be adopted by reference by the board pursuant to rulemaking and shall be those developed for general application by the AICPA or other recognized national accountancy organization as prescribed by board rule.

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- 326.271. 1. The board shall promulgate rules of procedure for governing the conduct of matters before the board.
- 2. The board shall promulgate rules of professional conduct for establishing and maintaining high standards of competence and integrity in the profession of public [accountancy] accounting.
- 3. In promulgating rules and regulations regarding the requirements of continuing education, the board:
- (1) May use and rely upon guidelines and pronouncements of recognized educational and professional associations;
- (2) May prescribe for content, duration and organization of courses;
- (3) Shall consider applicant accessibility to continuing education as required by the board, and any impediments to the interstate practice of public [accountancy] accounting which may result from differences in requirements in states;
- (4) May in its discretion relax or suspend continuing education requirements for instances of individual hardship;
- (5) Shall not require the completion of more than one hundred twenty hours of continuing education or its equivalent in any three-year period, not more than one-third of which shall be

- required in any one year. The continuing education requirements
 must be capable of being fulfilled in programs or courses
 reasonably available to licensees within the state.
 - 4. The board may require by rule licensees to submit any continuing education reporting as the board deems necessary.
 - 5. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this chapter shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This chapter and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void.
 - 326.280. 1. A license shall be granted by the board to any person who meets the requirements of this chapter and who:
 - (1) Is a resident of this state or has a place of business in this state or, as an employee, is regularly employed in this state;
 - (2) Has attained the age of twenty-one years;
 - (3) Is of good moral character;
 - (4) Either:

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(a) Applied for the initial examination prior to June 30,

1999, and holds a baccalaureate degree conferred by an accredited college or university recognized by the board, with a concentration in accounting or the substantial equivalent of a concentration in accounting as determined by the board; or

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- (b) Applied for the initial examination on or after June 30, 1999, and has at least one hundred fifty semester hours of college education, including a baccalaureate or higher degree conferred by an accredited college or university recognized by the board, with the total educational program including an accounting concentration or equivalent as determined by board rule to be appropriate;
- (5) Has passed an examination in accounting, auditing and such other related subjects as the board shall determine is appropriate; and
- (6) Has had one year of experience. Experience shall be verified by a licensee and shall include any type of service or advice involving the use of accounting, attest, review, compilation, management advisory, financial advisory, tax or consulting skills including governmental accounting, budgeting or auditing. The board shall promulgate rules and regulations concerning the verifying licensee's review of the applicant's experience.
- 2. The board [shall] <u>may</u> prescribe by rule the terms and conditions for reexaminations and fees to be paid for reexaminations.

3. A person who, on August 28, 2001, holds an individual permit issued pursuant to the laws of this state shall not be required to obtain additional licenses pursuant to sections 326.280 to 326.286, and the licenses issued shall be considered licenses issued pursuant to sections 326.280 to 326.286. However, such persons shall be subject to the provisions of section 326.286 for renewal of licenses.

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- 4. Upon application, the board may issue a temporary license to an applicant pursuant to this subsection for a person who has made a prima facie showing that the applicant meets all of the requirements for a license and possesses the experience The temporary license shall be effective only until required. the board has had the opportunity to investigate the applicant's qualifications for licensure pursuant to subsection 1 of this section and notify the applicant that the applicant's application for a license has been granted or rejected. In no event shall a temporary license be in effect for more than twelve months after the date of issuance nor shall a temporary license be reissued to the same applicant. No fee shall be charged for a temporary The holder of a temporary license which has not expired, been suspended or revoked shall be deemed to be the holder of a license issued pursuant to this section until the temporary license expires, is terminated, suspended or revoked.
- 5. An applicant for an examination who meets the educational requirements of subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of

this section or who reasonably expects to meet those requirements within sixty days after the examination shall be eligible for examination if the applicant also meets the requirements of subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section. For an applicant admitted to examination on the reasonable expectation that the applicant will meet the educational requirements within sixty days, no license shall be issued nor credit for the examination or any part thereof given unless the educational requirement is in fact met within the sixty-day period.

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326.283. 1. (1) An individual whose principal place of business is not in this state and has a valid designation to practice public [accountancy] accounting from any state which the board has determined by rule to be in substantial equivalence with the licensure requirements of sections 326.250 to 326.331, or if the individual's qualifications are substantially equivalent to the licensure requirements of sections 326.250 to 326.331, shall be presumed to have qualifications substantially equivalent to this state's requirements and shall have all the privileges of licensees of this state, provided the individual shall notify the board of his or her intent to engage in the practice of accounting with a client within this state whether in person, by electronic or technological means, or any other manner. The board by rule may require individuals to obtain a license.

(2) Any individual of another state exercising the privilege afforded pursuant to this section consents as a condition of the grant of this privilege to:

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- (a) The personal and subject matter jurisdiction and disciplinary authority of the board;
 - (b) Comply with this chapter and the board's rules; and
- (c) The appointment of the state board which issued the individual's license as his or her agent upon whom process may be served in any action or proceeding by this board against the individual.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall prohibit temporary practice in this state for professional business incidental to a CPA's regular practice outside this state. "Temporary practice" means that practice which is a continuation or extension of an engagement for a client located outside this state, which engagement began outside this state and extends into this state through common ownership, existence of a subsidiary, assets or other operations located within this state.
- 2. A licensee of this state offering or rendering services or using his or her certified public accountant title in another state shall be subject to disciplinary action in this state for an act committed in another state for which the licensee would be subject to discipline for an act committed in the other state. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 326.274 to the contrary, the board may investigate any complaint made by the

board of accountancy of another state.

- 2 326.286. 1. The board may grant or renew licenses to 3 persons who make application and demonstrate that[:
 - (1)] their qualifications, including the qualifications prescribed by section 326.280, are in accordance with this section[; or
 - (2) They are eligible under the substantial equivalency standard pursuant to subsection 1 of section 326.283].
 - 2. Licenses shall be initially issued and renewed for periods of not more than three years and shall expire on the renewal date following issuance or renewal. Applications for licenses shall be made in such form, and in the case of applications for renewal, between such dates, as the board by rule shall specify. Application and renewal fees shall be determined by the board by rule.
 - 3. With regard to applicants that do not qualify for reciprocity [under] pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, or a provisional license through the substantial equivalency standard set out in subsection 1 of section 326.283, the board may issue a license to an applicant upon a showing that:
 - (1) The applicant passed the examination required for issuance of the applicant's certificate with grades that would have been passing grades at the time in this state;
 - (2) The applicant had four years of experience outside of this state of the type described in subdivision (6) of subsection

1 of section 326.280 or meets equivalent requirements prescribed by the board by rule, after passing the examination upon which the applicant's license was based and within the ten years immediately preceding the application; and

- (3) If the applicant's certificate, license or permit was issued more than four years prior to the application for issuance of a license pursuant to this section, the applicant has fulfilled the requirements of continuing professional education that would have been applicable pursuant to subsection 6 of this section.
- 4. As an alternative to the requirements of subsection 3 of this section, a certified public accountant licensed by another state who establishes a principal place of business in this state shall request the issuance of a license from the board prior to establishing the principal place of business. The board may issue a license to the person who obtains verification from the NASBA National Qualification Appraisal Service that the individual's qualifications are substantially equivalent to the licensure requirements of sections 326.250 to 326.331.
- 5. An application pursuant to this section may be made through the NASBA Qualification Appraisal Service.
- 6. For renewal of a license pursuant to this section, each licensee shall participate in a program of learning designed to maintain professional competency. The program of learning shall comply with rules adopted by the board. The board may create by

rule an exception to such requirement for licensees who do not perform or offer to perform for the public one or more kinds of services involving the use of accounting or auditing skills, including issuance of reports on financial statements or of one or more kinds of management advisory, financial advisory or consulting services, or the preparation of tax returns or the furnishing of advice on tax matters. Licensees granted an exception by the board shall place the word "inactive" adjacent to their certified public accountant title on any business card, letterhead or any other document or device, except their certified public accountant certificate, on which their certified public accountant title appears.

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- 7. Applicants for initial issuance or renewal of licenses pursuant to this section shall list all states in which they have applied for or hold certificates, licenses or permits and list any past denial, revocation or suspension or any discipline of a certificate, license or permit. Each holder of or applicant for a license shall notify the board in writing within thirty days after its occurrence of any issuance, denial, revocation or suspension or any discipline of a certificate, license or permit by another state.
- 8. The board may issue a license to a holder of a substantially equivalent foreign designation, provided that:
- (1) The foreign authority which granted the designation makes similar provisions to allow a person who holds a valid

- license issued by this state to obtain such foreign authority's comparable designation; and
 - (2) The foreign designation:

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- (a) Was duly issued by a foreign authority that regulates the practice of public [accountancy] accounting and the foreign designation has not expired or been revoked or suspended;
- (b) Entitles the holder to issue reports upon financial statements; and
- (c) Was issued upon the basis of educational, examination and experience requirements established by the foreign authority or by law; and
 - (3) The applicant:
- (a) Received the designation based on educational and examination standards substantially equivalent to those in effect in this state at the time the foreign designation was granted;
- (b) Completed an experience requirement substantially equivalent to the requirement set out in subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of section 326.280 in the jurisdiction which granted the foreign designation or has completed four years of professional experience in this state, or meets equivalent requirements prescribed by the board by rule within the ten years immediately preceding the application; and
- (c) Passed a uniform qualifying examination in national standards and an examination on the laws, regulations and code of ethical conduct in effect in this state acceptable to the board.

9. An applicant pursuant to subsection 8 of this section shall list all jurisdictions, foreign and domestic, in which the applicant has applied for or holds a designation to practice public [accountancy] accounting. Each holder of a license issued pursuant to this subsection shall notify the board in writing within thirty days after its occurrence of any issuance, denial, revocation, suspension or any discipline of a designation or commencement of a disciplinary or enforcement action by any jurisdiction.

- 10. The board has the sole authority to interpret the application of the provisions of subsections 8 and 9 of this section.
- [11. The board shall require by rule as a condition for renewal of a license by any licensee who performs review or compilation services for the public other than through a certified public accountant firm that the individual undergo, no more frequently than once every three years, a peer review conducted in a manner as the board by rule shall specify, and the review shall include verification that the individual has met the competency requirements set out in professional standards for such services.]
- 326.289. 1. The board may grant or renew permits to practice as a certified public accounting firm to entities that make application and demonstrate their qualifications in accordance with this section or to certified public accounting

firms originally licensed in another state that establish an office in this state. A firm shall hold a permit issued pursuant to this section to provide attest, review or compilation services or to use the title certified public accountant or certified public accounting firm.

- 2. Permits shall be initially issued and renewed for periods of not more than three years or for a specific period as prescribed by board rule following issuance or renewal.
- 3. The board shall determine by rule the form for application and renewal of permits and shall annually determine the fees for permits and their renewals.
- 4. An applicant for initial issuance or renewal of a permit to practice pursuant to this section shall be required to show that:
- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests and voting rights of all partners, officers, principals, shareholders, members or managers, belongs to licensees who are licensed in some state, and the partners, officers, principals, shareholders, members or managers, whose principal place of business is in this state and who perform professional services in this state are licensees pursuant to section 326.280 or the corresponding provision of prior law. Although firms may include nonlicensee owners, the firm and its ownership shall comply with rules promulgated by the board;

- (2) Any certified public accounting firm may include owners who are not licensees, provided that:
- (a) The firm designates a licensee of this state who is responsible for the proper registration of the firm and identifies that individual to the board;
- (b) All nonlicensee owners are active individual participants in the certified public accounting firm or affiliated entities;

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- (c) The firm complies with other requirements as the board
 may impose by rule;
- (3) Any licensee, initially licensed on or after August 28, 2001, who is responsible for supervising attest[, review or compilation] services, or signs or authorizes someone to sign the licensee's report on the financial statements on behalf of the firm, shall meet competency requirements as determined by the board by rule which shall include one year of experience in addition to the experience required pursuant to subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of section 326.280 and shall be verified by a licensee. The additional experience required by this subsection shall include experience in attest work supervised by a licensee;
- (4) Any licensee who is responsible for supervising review services or signs or authorizes someone to sign review reports shall meet the competency requirements as determined by board by rule which shall include experience in review services.
 - 5. An applicant for initial issuance or renewal of a permit

- to practice shall register each office of the firm within this

 state with the board and show that all attest, review and

 compilation services rendered in this state are under the charge

 of a licensee.
 - 6. No licensee or firm holding a permit pursuant to this chapter shall use a professional or firm name or designation that is misleading as to:
 - (1) The legal form of the firm;
 - (2) The persons who are partners, officers, members, managers or shareholders of the firm; or
 - (3) Any other matter.

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- The names of one or more former partners, members or shareholders may be included in the name of a firm or its successor unless the firm becomes a sole proprietorship because of the death or withdrawal of all other partners, officers, members or shareholders. A firm may use a fictitious name if the fictitious name is registered with the board and is not otherwise misleading. The name of a firm shall not include the name or initials of an individual who is not a present or a past partner, member or shareholder of the firm or its predecessor. The name of the firm shall not include the name of an individual who is not a licensee.
 - 7. Applicants for initial issuance or renewal of permits shall list in their application all states in which they have applied for or hold permits as certified public accounting firms

and list any past denial, revocation, suspension or any discipline of a permit by any other state. Each holder of or applicant for a permit pursuant to this section shall notify the board in writing within thirty days after its occurrence of any change in the identities of partners, principals, officers, shareholders, members or managers whose principal place of business is in this state; any change in the number or location of offices within this state; any change in the identity of the persons in charge of such offices; and any issuance, denial, revocation, suspension or any discipline of a permit by any other state.

- 8. Firms which fall out of compliance with the provisions of this section due to changes in firm ownership or personnel after receiving or renewing a permit shall take corrective action to bring the firm back into compliance as quickly as possible. The board may grant a reasonable period of time for a firm to take such corrective action. Failure to bring the firm back into compliance within a reasonable period as defined by the board may result in the suspension or revocation of the firm permit.
- 9. The board shall require by rule, as a condition to the renewal of permits, that firms undergo, no more frequently than once every three years, peer reviews conducted in a manner as the board shall specify. The review shall include a verification that individuals in the firm who are responsible for supervising attest, review and compilation services or sign or authorize

someone to sign the accountant's report on the financial statements on behalf of the firm meet the competency requirements set out in the professional standards for such services, provided that any such rule:

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- (1) Shall include reasonable provision for compliance by a firm showing that it has within the preceding three years undergone a peer review that is a satisfactory equivalent to peer review generally required pursuant to this subsection;
- (2) May require, with respect to peer reviews, that peer reviews be subject to oversight by an oversight body established or sanctioned by board rule, which shall periodically report to the board on the effectiveness of the review program under its charge and provide to the board a listing of firms that have participated in a peer review program that is satisfactory to the board; and
- (3) Shall require, with respect to peer reviews, that the peer review processes be operated and documents maintained in a manner designed to preserve confidentiality, and that the board or any third party other than the oversight body shall not have access to documents furnished or generated in the course of the peer review of the firm except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- 10. Prior to January 1, 2008, licensees who perform fewer than three attest services during each calendar year shall be exempt from the requirements of subsection 9 of this section.

11. The board may, by rule, charge a fee for oversight of peer reviews, provided that the fee charged shall be substantially equivalent to the cost of oversight.

- 12. In connection with proceedings before the board or upon receipt of a complaint involving the licensee performing peer reviews, the board shall not have access to any documents furnished or generated in the course of the performance of the peer reviews except for peer review reports, letters of comment and summary review memoranda. The documents shall be furnished to the board only in a redacted manner that does not specifically identify any firm or licensee being peer reviewed or any of their clients.
- 13. The peer review processes shall be operated and the documents generated thereby be maintained in a manner designed to preserve their confidentiality. No third party, other than the oversight body, the board, subject to the provisions of subsection 12 of this section, or the organization performing peer review shall have access to documents furnished or generated in the course of the review. All documents shall be privileged and closed records for all purposes and all meetings at which the documents are discussed shall be considered closed meetings pursuant to subdivision (1) of section 610.021, RSMo. The proceedings, records and workpapers of the board and any peer review subjected to the board process shall be privileged and shall not be subject to discovery, subpoena or other means of

legal process or introduction into evidence at any civil action, arbitration, administrative proceeding or board proceeding. No member of the board or person who is involved in the peer review process shall be permitted or required to testify in any civil action, arbitration, administrative proceeding or board proceeding as to any matters produced, presented, disclosed or discussed during or in connection with the peer review process or as to any findings, recommendations, evaluations, opinions or other actions of such committees or any of its members; provided, however, that information, documents or records that are publicly available shall not be subject to discovery or use in any civil action, arbitration, administrative proceeding or board proceeding merely because they were presented or considered in connection with the peer review process.

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326.292. 1. Only licensees may issue a report on financial statements of any person, firm, organization or governmental unit or offer to render or render any attest service. Such restriction shall not prohibit any act of a public official or public employee in the performance of the person's duties as such; nor prohibit the performance by any nonlicensee of other services involving the use of accounting skills, including the preparation of tax returns, management advisory services and the preparation of nonattest financial statements. Nonlicensees may prepare financial statements and issue nonattest transmittals or information thereon which do not purport to be in compliance with

the Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services (SSARS).

- 2. Only certified public accountants shall use or assume the title certified public accountant, or the abbreviation CPA or any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card or device tending to indicate that such person is a certified public accountant. Nothing in this section shall prohibit:
- (1) A certified public accountant whose certificate was in full force and effect, issued pursuant to the laws of this state prior to August 28, 2001, and who does not engage in the practice of public accounting, auditing, bookkeeping or any similar occupation, from using the title certified public accountant or abbreviation CPA;
- (2) A person who holds a certificate, then in force and effect, issued pursuant to the laws of this state prior to August 28, 2001, and who is regularly employed by or is a director or officer of a corporation, partnership, association or business trust, in his or her capacity as such, from signing, delivering or issuing any financial, accounting or related statement, or report thereon relating to such corporation, partnership, association or business trust provided the capacity is so designated, and provided in the signature line the title CPA or certified public accountant is not designated.
 - 3. No firm shall provide attest services or assume or use

- the title certified public accountants or the abbreviation CPAs, or any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card or device tending to indicate that such firm is a certified public accounting firm unless:
 - (1) The firm holds a valid permit issued pursuant to section 326.289; and

- (2) Ownership of the firm is in accord with section 326.289 and rules promulgated by the board.
- 4. Only persons holding a valid license or permit issued pursuant to section 326.280 or 326.289 shall assume or use the title certified accountant, chartered accountant, enrolled accountant, licensed accountant, registered accountant, accredited accountant or any other title or designation likely to be confused with the titles certified public accountant or public accountant, or use any of the abbreviations CA, LA, RA, AA or similar abbreviation likely to be confused with the abbreviation CPA or PA. The title enrolled agent or EA shall only be used by individuals so designated by the Internal Revenue Service.

 Nothing in this section shall prohibit the use or issuance of a title for nonattest services provided that the organization and the title issued by the organization existed prior to August 28, 2001.
- 5. (1) Nonlicensees shall not use language in any statement relating to the financial affairs of a person or entity that is conventionally used by certified public accountants in

reports on financial statements. Nonlicensees may use the following safe harbor language:

(a) For compilations:

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"I (We) have prepared the accompanying (financial statements) of (name of entity) as of (time period) for the (period) then ended. This presentation is limited to preparing in the form of a financial statement information that is the representation of management (owners). I (We) have not audited or reviewed the accompanying financial statements and accordingly do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on them.";

- (b) For reviews:
- "I (We) reviewed the accompanying (financial statements) of (name of entity) as of (time period) for the (period) then ended. These financial statements (information) are (is) the responsibility of the company's management. I (We) have not audited the accompanying financial statements and accordingly do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on them.".
- (2) Only persons or firms holding a valid license or permit issued pursuant to section 326.280 or 326.289 shall assume or use any title or designation that includes the words accountant or accounting in connection with any other language, including the language of a report, that implies that the person or firm holds a license or permit or has special competence as an accountant or auditor; provided, however, that this subsection shall not prohibit any officer, partner, principal, member, manager or

employee of any firm or organization from affixing such person's own signature to any statement in reference to the financial affairs of the firm or organization with any wording designating the position, title or office that the person holds therein nor prohibit any act of a public official or employee in the performance of the person's duties as such. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the singular use of "accountant" or "accounting" for nonattest purposes.

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- 6. Licensees <u>signing or authorizing someone to sign reports</u>
 on financial statements when performing attest, review or
 compilation services shall provide those services in accordance
 with professional standards as determined by the board by rule.
- 7. No licensee or holder of a provisional license or firm holding a permit pursuant to sections 326.280 to 326.289 shall use a professional or firm name or designation that is misleading about the legal form of the firm, or about the persons who are partners, principals, officers, members, managers or shareholders of the firm, or about any other matter.
- 8. None of the foregoing provisions of this section shall apply to a person or firm holding a certification, designation, degree or license granted in a foreign country entitling the holder to engage in the practice of public [accountancy] accounting or its equivalent in the country whose activities in this state are limited to the provision of professional services to persons or firms who are residents of, governments of, or

business entities of the country in which the person holds the entitlement, who performs no attest, review or compilation services and who issues no reports with respect to the financial statements of any other persons, firms or governmental units in this state, and who does not use in this state any title or designation other than the one under which the person practices in such country, followed by a translation of such title or designation into the English language, if it is in a different language, and by the name of such country.

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- 9. No licensee whose license is issued pursuant to section 326.280 or issued pursuant to prior law shall perform attest services through any certified public accounting firm that does not hold a valid permit issued pursuant to section 326.289.
- 10. [No individual licensee shall issue a report in standard form upon a compilation or review of financial information through any form of business that does not hold a valid permit issued pursuant to section 326.289 unless the report discloses the name of the business through which the individual is issuing the report, and the individual:
- (1) Signs the compilation or review report identifying the individual as a licensee;
- (2) Meets the competency requirement provided in applicable standards; and
- (3) Undergoes, no less frequently than once every three years, a peer review conducted in a manner as the board by rule

shall specify, and the review shall include verification that the individual has met the competency requirements set out in professional standards for such services.

- 11.] Nothing herein shall prohibit a practicing attorney or firm of attorneys from preparing or presenting records or documents customarily prepared by an attorney or firm of attorneys in connection with the attorney's professional work in the practice of law.
- [12.] 11. Nothing herein shall prohibit any trustee, executor, administrator, referee or commissioner from signing and certifying financial reports incident to his or her duties in that capacity.
- [13.] 12. Nothing herein shall prohibit any director or officer of a corporation, partner or a partnership, sole proprietor of a business enterprise, member of a joint venture, member of a committee appointed by stockholders, creditors or courts, or an employee of any of the foregoing, in his or her capacity as such, from signing, delivering or issuing any financial, accounting or related statement, or report thereon, relating to the corporation, partnership, business enterprise, joint venture or committee, provided the capacity is designated on the statement or report.
- [14.] 13. (1) A licensee shall not for a commission recommend or refer to a client any product or service, or for a commission recommend or refer any product or service to be

supplied by a client, or receive a commission, when the licensee also performs for that client:

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- (a) An audit or review of a financial statement; or
- (b) A compilation of a financial statement when the licensee expects, or reasonably may expect, that a third party will use the financial statement and the licensee's compilation report does not disclose a lack of independence; or
- (c) An examination of prospective financial information. Such prohibition applies during the period in which the licensee is engaged to perform any of the services listed above and the period covered by any historical financial statements involved in such listed services.
- (2) A licensee who is not prohibited by this section from performing services for or receiving a commission and who is paid or expects to be paid a commission shall disclose in writing that fact to any person or entity to whom the licensee recommends or refers a product or service to which the commission relates.
- (3) Any licensee who accepts a referral fee for recommending or referring any service of a licensee to any person or entity or who pays a referral fee to obtain a client shall disclose in writing the acceptance or payment to the client.
 - [15.] <u>14.</u> (1) A licensee shall not:
- (a) Perform for a contingent fee any professional services for, or receive a fee from, a client for whom the licensee or the licensees's firm performs:

a. An audit or review of a financial statement; or

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- b. A compilation of a financial statement when the licensee expects, or reasonably might expect, that a third party will use the financial statement and the licensee's compilation report does not disclose a lack of independence; or
 - c. An examination of prospective financial information; [or]
 - (b) Prepare an original [or amended] tax return or claim for a tax refund for a contingent fee for any client; or
 - (c) Prepare an amended tax return or claim for a tax refund for a contingent fee for any client, unless permitted by board rule.
 - (2) The prohibition in subdivision (1) of this subsection applies during the period in which the licensee is engaged to perform any of those services and the period covered by any historical financial statements involved in any services.
 - (3) A contingent fee is a fee established for the performance of any service pursuant to an arrangement in which no fee will be charged unless a specified finding or result is attained, or in which the amount of the fee is otherwise dependent upon the finding or result of the service. Solely for purposes of this section, fees are not regarded as being contingent if fixed by courts or other public authorities, or, in tax matters, if determined based on the results of judicial proceedings or the findings of governmental agencies. A

licensee's fees may vary depending, for example, on the complexity of services rendered.

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- [16.] 15. Any person who violates any provision of subsections 1 to 5 of this section shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. Whenever the board has reason to believe that any person has violated this section it may certify the facts to the attorney general of this state or bring other appropriate proceedings.
- 329.010. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following words and terms mean:
- (1) "Apprentice" or "student", a person who is engaged in training within a cosmetology establishment or school, and while so training performs any of the practices of the classified occupations within this chapter under the immediate direction and supervision of a registered cosmetologist or instructor;
 - (2) "Board", the state board of cosmetology;
- (3) "Cosmetologist", any person who, for compensation,engages in the practice of cosmetology, as defined in subdivision(4) of this section;
- (4) "Cosmetology" includes performing or offering to engage in any acts of the classified occupations of cosmetology for compensation, which shall include:
- (a) "Class CH hairdresser" includes arranging, dressing, curling, singeing, waving, permanent waving, cleansing, cutting, bleaching, tinting, coloring or similar work upon the hair of any

person by any means; or removing superfluous hair from the body of any person by means other than electricity, or any other means of arching or tinting eyebrows or tinting eyelashes. Class CH - hairdresser, also includes, any person who either with the person's hands or with mechanical or electrical apparatuses or appliances, or by the use of cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, tonics, lotions or creams engages for compensation in any one or any combination of the following: massaging, cleaning, stimulating, manipulating, exercising, beautifying or similar work upon the scalp, face, neck, arms or bust;

- (b) "Class MO manicurist" includes cutting, trimming, polishing, coloring, tinting, cleaning or otherwise beautifying a person's fingernails, applying artificial fingernails, massaging, cleaning a person's hands and arms; pedicuring, which includes, cutting, trimming, polishing, coloring, tinting, cleaning or otherwise beautifying a person's toenails, applying artificial toenails, massaging and cleaning a person's legs and feet;
- (c) "Class CA hairdressing and manicuring" includes all practices of cosmetology, as defined in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision;
- (d) "Class E estheticians" includes the use of mechanical, electrical apparatuses or appliances, or by the use of cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, tonics, lotions or creams, not to exceed ten percent phenol, engages for compensation, either directly or indirectly, in any one, or any combination, of

the following practices: massaging, cleansing, stimulating,
manipulating, exercising, beautifying or similar work upon the
scalp, face, neck, ears, arms, hands, bust, torso, legs or feet
and removing superfluous hair by means other than electric needle
or any other means of arching or tinting eyebrows or tinting
eyelashes, of any person;

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- (e) "Class RE electrologist" includes the use of
 equipment and devices which have been approved by and registered
 with the federal Food and Drug Administration for the permanent
 removal of hair by destroying the hair-producing cells of the
 skin and vascular system;
- (5) "Cosmetology establishment", that part of any building wherein or whereupon any of the classified occupations are practiced;
- (6) "Division", the division of professional registration of the department of economic development;
- (7) "Electrologist", a person who engages in the practice of electrolysis;
- (8) "Electrolysis", the permanent removal of hair by destroying the hair-producing cells of the skin and vascular system using equipment and devices which have been approved by and registered with the federal Food and Drug Administration for the removal of hair;
- (9) "Hairdresser", any person who, for compensation, engages in the practice of cosmetology as defined in paragraph

(a) of subdivision (4) of this section;

- [(7)] (10) "Instructor", any person who is licensed to teach cosmetology or any practices of cosmetology pursuant to this chapter;
 - [(8)] (11) "Manicurist", any person who, for compensation, engages in any or all of the practices in paragraph (b) of subdivision (4) of this section;
 - [(9)] (12) "School of cosmetology" or "school of manicuring", an establishment operated for the purpose of teaching cosmetology as defined in subdivision (4) of this section.
 - 329.040. 1. Any person of good moral character may make application to the board for a license to own a school of cosmetology on a form provided upon request by the board. Every school of cosmetology in which any of the classified occupations of cosmetology are taught shall be required to obtain a license from the board prior to opening. The license shall be issued upon approval of the application by the board, the payment of the required fees, and the applicant meets other requirements provided in this chapter. The license shall be kept posted in plain view within the school at all times.
 - 2. A school license renewal fee shall be due on or before the renewal date of any school license issued pursuant to this section. If the school license renewal fee is not paid on or before the renewal date, a late fee shall be added to the regular

school license fee.

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- 3. No school of cosmetology shall be granted a license pursuant to this chapter unless it:
- (1) Employs and has present in the school a competent licensed instructor for every twenty-five students in attendance for a given class period and one to ten additional students may be in attendance with the assistance of an instructor trainee.

 One instructor is authorized to teach up to three instructor trainees immediately after being granted an instructor's license;
- (2) Requires all students to be enrolled in a course of study of no less than three hours per day and no more than twelve hours per day with a weekly total that is no less than fifteen hours and no more than seventy- two hours;
- (3) Requires for the classified occupation of cosmetologist, the course of study shall be no less than one thousand five hundred hours or, for a student in public vocational/technical school no less than one thousand two hundred twenty hours; provided that, a school may elect to base the course of study on credit hours by applying the credit hour formula in Subpart A of Part 668 of Section 668.8 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended. The student must earn a minimum of one hundred and sixty hours or equivalent credits of classroom training before the student may perform any of the acts of the classified occupation of cosmetology on any patron or customer of the school of cosmetology;

(4) Requires for the classified occupation of manicurist, the course of study shall be no less than four hundred hours or the credit hours determined by the formula in Subpart A of Part 668 of Section 668.8 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended. The student must earn a minimum of fifty hours or equivalent credits of classroom training before the student may perform any of the acts of the classified occupation of manicurist on any patron or customer of the school of cosmetology;

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(5) Requires for the classified occupation of esthetician, the course of study shall be no less than seven hundred fifty hours or the credit hours determined by the formula in Subpart A of Part 668 of Section 668.8 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended. The student shall earn a minimum of seventy-five hours or equivalent credits of classroom training before the student may perform any of the acts of the classified occupation of esthetics on any patron or customer of the school of cosmetology or an esthetics school;

(6) Requires for the classified occupation of electrolysis.

4. The subjects to be taught for the classified occupation of cosmetology shall be as follows and the hours required for each subject shall be not less than those contained in this subsection or the credit hours determined by the formula in Subpart A of Part 668 of Section 668.8 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended:

- 1 (1) Shampooing of all kinds, forty hours;
- 2 (2) Hair coloring, bleaches and rinses, one hundred thirty
- 3 hours;
- 4 (3) Hair cutting and shaping, one hundred thirty hours;
- 5 (4) Permanent waving and relaxing, one hundred twenty-five
- 6 hours;
- 7 (5) Hairsetting, pin curls, fingerwaves, thermal curling,
- 8 two hundred twenty-five hours;
- 9 (6) Combouts and hair styling techniques, one hundred five
- 10 hours;

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- 11 (7) Scalp treatments and scalp diseases, thirty hours;
 - (8) Facials, eyebrows and arches, forty hours;
- 13 (9) Manicuring, hand and arm massage and treatment of
- nails, one hundred ten hours;
- 15 (10) Cosmetic chemistry, twenty-five hours;
 - (11) Salesmanship and shop management, ten hours;
 - (12) Sanitation and sterilization, thirty hours;
 - (13) Anatomy, twenty hours;
- 19 (14) State law, ten hours;
- 20 (15) Curriculum to be defined by school, not less than four 21 hundred seventy hours.
- 5. The subjects to be taught for the classified occupation
 of manicurist shall be as follows and the hours required for each
 subject shall be not less than those contained in this subsection
 or the credit hours determined by the formula in Subpart A of

- 1 Part 668 of Section 668.8 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal 2 Regulations, as amended:
- 3 (1) Manicuring, hand and arm massage and treatment of 4 nails, two hundred twenty hours;
 - (2) Salesmanship and shop management, twenty hours;
 - (3) Sanitation and sterilization, twenty hours;
 - (4) Anatomy, ten hours;

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- (5) State law, ten hours;
- (6) Study of the use and application of certain chemicals, forty hours; and
 - (7) Curriculum to be defined by school, not less than eighty hours.
- 6. The subjects to be taught for the classified occupation of esthetician shall be as follows, and the hours required for each subject shall not be less than those contained in this subsection or the credit hours determined by the formula in Subpart A of Part 668 of Section 668.8 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended:
- (1) Facials, cleansing, toning, massaging, one hundred twenty hours;
 - (2) Makeup application, all phases, one hundred hours;
 - (3) Hair removal, thirty hours;
- 23 (4) Body treatments, aromatherapy, wraps, one hundred 24 twenty hours;
 - (5) Reflexology, thirty-five hours;

- 1 (6) Cosmetic sciences, structure, condition, disorder, 2 eighty-five hours;
 - (7) Cosmetic chemistry, products and ingredients, seventy-five hours;
 - (8) Salon management and salesmanship, fifty-five hours;
 - (9) Sanitation and sterilization, safety, forty-five hours;
 - (10) State law, ten hours; and

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- (11) Curriculum to be defined by school, not less than seventy-five hours.
- 7. Training for all classified occupations shall include practical demonstrations, written and/or oral tests, and practical instruction in sanitation, sterilization and the use of antiseptics, cosmetics and electrical appliances consistent with the practical and theoretical requirements as applicable to the classified occupations as provided in this chapter.
- 8. No school of cosmetology shall operate within this state unless a proper license pursuant to this chapter has first been obtained.
- 9. Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit a licensee within a cosmetology establishment from teaching any of the practices of the classified occupations for which the licensee has been licensed for not less than two years in the licensee's regular course of business, if the owner or manager of the business does not hold himself or herself out as a school and does not hire or employ or personally teach regularly at any one

and the same time, more than one apprentice to each licensee regularly employed within the owner's business, not to exceed one apprentice per establishment, and the owner, manager, or trainer does not accept any fee for instruction.

- 10. Each licensed school of cosmetology shall provide a minimum of two thousand square feet of floor space, adequate rooms and equipment, including lecture and demonstration rooms, lockers, an adequate library and two restrooms. The minimum equipment requirements shall be: six shampoo bowls, ten hair dryers, two master dustproof and sanitary cabinets, wet sterilizers, and adequate working facilities for twenty students.
- 11. Each licensed school of cosmetology for manicuring only shall provide a minimum of one thousand square feet of floor space, adequate room for theory instruction, adequate equipment, lockers, an adequate library, two restrooms and a clinical working area for ten students. Minimum floor space requirement proportionately increases with student enrollment of over ten students.
- 12. Each licensed school of cosmetology for esthetics only shall provide a minimum of one thousand square feet of floor space, adequate room for theory instruction, adequate equipment, lockers, an adequate library, two restrooms and a clinical working area for ten students. Minimum floor space requirement increases fifty square feet per student with student enrollment of over ten.

13. No school of cosmetology may have a greater number of students enrolled and scheduled to be in attendance for a given class period than the total floor space of that school will accommodate. Floor space required per student shall be no less than fifty square feet per additional student beyond twenty students for a school of cosmetology, beyond ten students for a school of esthetics.

- 14. Each applicant for a new school shall file a written application with the board upon a form approved and furnished upon request by the board. The applicant shall include a list of equipment, the proposed curriculum, and the name and qualifications of any and all of the instructors.
- 15. Each school shall display in a conspicuous place, visible upon entry to the school, a sign stating that all cosmetology services in this school are performed by students who are in training.
- 16. Any student who wishes to remain in school longer than the required training period may make application for an additional training license and remain in school. A fee is required for such additional training license.
- 17. All contractual fees that a student owes to any cosmetology school shall be paid before such student may be allowed to apply for any examination required to be taken by an applicant applying for a license pursuant to the provisions of

this chapter.

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329.045. Every establishment in which the occupation of cosmetology is practiced shall be required to obtain a license from the state board of cosmetology. Every establishment required to be licensed shall pay to the state an establishment fee for the first three licensed cosmetologists esthetician, and/or electrologists, and/or manicurists, and/or apprentices and an additional fee for each additional licensee. The fee shall be due and payable on the renewal date and, if the fee remains unpaid thereafter, there shall be a late fee in addition to the regular establishment fee or, if a new establishment opens any time during the licensing period and does not register before opening, there shall be a delinquent fee in addition to the regular establishment fee. The license shall be kept posted in plain view within the establishment at all times.

- 329.050. 1. Applicants for examination or licensure pursuant to this chapter shall possess the following qualifications:
- (1) They must be persons of good moral character, have an education equivalent to the successful completion of the tenth grade and be at least seventeen years of age; except that, applicants for examination for licensure as an electrologist must be eighteen years of age and have obtained a high school diploma;
- (2) If the applicants are apprentices, they shall have served and completed, as an apprentice under the supervision of a

licensed cosmetologist, the time and studies required by the board which shall be no less than three thousand hours for cosmetologists, and no less than seven hundred eighty hours for manicurists, and no less than fifteen hundred hours for esthetics, and no less than twelve hundred hours for electrologists. However, when the classified occupation of manicurist is apprenticed in conjunction with the classified occupation of cosmetologist, the apprentices shall be required to successfully complete the apprenticeship of no less than a total of three thousand hours;

(3) If the applicants are students, they shall have had the required time in a licensed school of no less than one thousand five hundred hours training or the credit hours determined by the formula in Subpart A of Part 668 of Section 668.8 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended, for the classification of cosmetologist, with the exception of public vocational technical schools in which a student shall complete no less than one thousand two hundred twenty hours training. All students shall complete no less than four hundred hours or the credit hours determined by the formula in Subpart A of Part 668 of Section 668.8 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended, for the classification of manicurist. All students shall complete no less than seven hundred fifty hours or the credit hours determined by the formula in Subpart A of Part 668 of Section 668.8 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations,

as amended, for the classification of esthetician. However, when the classified occupation of manicurist is taken in conjunction with the classified occupation of cosmetologist, the student shall not be required to serve the extra four hundred hours or the credit hours determined by the formula in Subpart A of Part 668 of Section 668.8 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended, otherwise required to include manicuring of nails; and

(4) They shall have passed an examination to the satisfaction of the board.

- 2. A person may apply to take the examination required by subsection 1 of this section if the person is a graduate of a school of cosmetology or apprentice program in another state or territory of the United States which has substantially the same requirements as an educational establishment licensed pursuant to this chapter.
- 3. Each application shall contain a statement that, subject to the penalties of making a false affidavit or declaration, the application is made under oath or affirmation and that its representations are true and correct to the best knowledge and belief of the person signing the application.
- 4. The sufficiency of the qualifications of applicants shall be determined by the board, but the board may delegate this authority to its executive director subject to such provisions as the board may adopt.

5. For the purpose of meeting the minimum requirements for examination, training completed by a student or apprentice shall be recognized by the board for a period of no more than five years from the date it is received.

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- 329.070. 1. Apprentices or students shall be licensed with the board and shall pay a student fee or an apprentice fee prior to beginning their course, and shall be of good moral character and have an education equivalent to the successful completion of the tenth grade; except that, applicants for examination for licensure as an electrologist must be eighteen years of age and have obtained a high school diploma.
- 2. An apprentice or student shall not be enrolled in a course of study that shall exceed eight hours per day or that is less than three hours per day. The course of study shall be no more than forty-eight hours per week and no less than fifteen hours per week.
- 3. Every person desiring to act as an apprentice in any of the classified occupations within this chapter shall file with the board a written application on a form supplied to the applicant, together with the required apprentice fee.
- 329.080. 1. An instructor trainee shall be a licensed cosmetologist, esthetician, electrologist, or manicurist and shall hold a license as an instructor trainee in cosmetology, esthetics or manicuring. An applicant for a license to practice as an instructor trainee shall submit to the board the required

fee and a written application on a form supplied by the board upon request that the applicant is of good moral character, in good physical and mental health, has successfully completed at least a four-year high school course of study or the equivalent, and holds a Missouri license to practice as a cosmetologist, esthetician, electrologist, or manicurist. Each application shall contain a statement that it is made under oath or affirmation and that its representations are true and correct to the best knowledge and belief of the person signing the application, subject to the penalties of making a false affidavit or declaration.

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- 2. An applicant approved by the board shall be issued an instructor trainee license. The license shall be issued for a definite period needed to complete training requirements to become eligible for taking the examinations. An applicant shall be approved for an instructor trainee license only for those classified occupations of cosmetology for which the applicant is licensed at the time the instructor trainee application is submitted to the board.
- 3. The instructor trainee shall be required to complete six hundred hours of instructor training within a Missouri licensed school of cosmetology consisting of a curriculum including both theory and practical training to include the following:
- (1) Two hundred hours to be devoted to basic principles of student teaching to include teaching principles, lesson planning,

curriculum planning and class outlines, teaching methods, teaching aids, testing and evaluation;

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- (2) Fifty hours of psychology as applied to cosmetology, personality and teaching, teacher evaluation, counseling, theories of learning, and speech;
- (3) Fifty hours of business experience or management including classroom management, record keeping, buying and inventorying supplies, and state law; and
- (4) Three hundred hours of practice teaching in both theory and practical application.
- 4. For the purpose of meeting the minimum requirements for examination, training completed within a school of cosmetology by an instructor trainee shall be recognized by the board for a period of no more than five years from the date it is received.
- 5. The six hundred hours required pursuant to subsection 3 of this section may be reduced as follows:
- (1) Three years of experience as a practicing cosmetologist may be substituted for three hundred hours of training. The three hundred hours will be partially reduced in proportion to experience greater than six months but less than three; or
- (2) Four and one-half college credit hours in teaching methodology, as defined by rule, may be substituted for three hundred hours of training. Applicants requesting credit shall submit to the board a certified transcript together with a course description certified by the administrating education institution

as being primarily directed to teaching methodology. The three hundred hours will be partially reduced in proportion to college credit hours in teaching methodology of less than four and one-half hours; or

- (3) Applicants who apply from states where the requirements are not substantially equal to those in force in Missouri at the time of application, may be eligible for the examination if they provide:
- (a) An affidavit verifying a current, valid instructor license in another state, territory of the United States, District of Columbia, or foreign country, state or province; and
- (b) Proof of full-time work experience of not less than one year as a cosmetology instructor within the three-year period immediately preceding the application for examination.
- 329.085. 1. Any person desiring an instructor license shall submit to the board a written application on a form supplied by the board showing that the applicant has met the requirements set forth in section 329.080. An applicant who has met all requirements as determined by the board shall be allowed to take the instructor examination, including any person who has been licensed three or more years as a cosmetologist, manicurist, electrologist, or esthetician. If the applicant passes the examination to the satisfaction of the board, the board shall issue to the applicant an instructor license.
 - The instructor examination fee and the instructor

license fee for an instructor license shall be nonrefundable.

- 3. The instructor license renewal fee shall be in addition to the regular cosmetologist, esthetician or manicurist license renewal fee. For each renewal the instructor shall submit proof of having attended a teacher training seminar or workshop at least once every two years, sponsored by any university, or Missouri vocational association, or bona fide state cosmetology association specifically approved by the board to satisfy the requirement for continued training of this subsection. Renewal fees shall be due and payable on or before the renewal date and, if the fee remains unpaid thereafter in such license period, there shall be a late fee in addition to the regular fee.
- 4. Instructors duly licensed as physicians or attorneys or lecturers on subjects not directly pertaining to the practice pursuant to this chapter need not be holders of licenses provided for in this chapter.
- 5. The board shall grant instructor licensure upon application and payment of a fee equivalent to the sum of the instructor examination fee and the instructor license fee, provided the applicant establishes compliance with the cosmetology instructor requirements of another state, territory of the United States, or District of Columbia wherein the requirements are substantially equal or superior to those in force in Missouri at the time the application for licensure is filed and the applicant holds a current instructor license in the

other jurisdiction at the time of making application.

- 6. Any person licensed as a cosmetology instructor prior to the training requirements which became effective January 1, 1979, may continue to be licensed as such, provided such license is maintained and the licensee complies with the continued training requirements as provided in subsection 3 of this section. Any person with an expired instructor license that is not restored to current status within two years of the date of expiration shall be required to meet the training and examination requirements as provided in this section and section 329.080.
- 329.110. 1. If an applicant for examination [for cosmetology] passes the examination to the satisfaction of the state board of cosmetology and has paid the fee required and complied with the requirements pertaining to this chapter, the board shall cause to be issued a license to that effect. The license shall be evidence that the person to whom it is issued is entitled to engage in the practices, occupation or occupations stipulated therein as prescribed in this chapter. The license shall be conspicuously displayed in his or her principal office, place of business, or employment.
- 2. Whenever anyone who has been licensed in accordance with this chapter practices any of the occupations authorized in this chapter outside of or away from the person's principal office, place of business, or employment, he or she shall deliver to each person in his or her care a certificate of identification. This

certificate shall contain his or her signature, the number and date of his or her license, the post office address and the date upon which the certificate of identification is delivered to the person under his or her care.

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329.180. There is hereby created and established a "State Board of Cosmetology" for the purpose of licensing all persons engaged in the practice of hair dressing, cosmetology, electrolysis, and manicuring in this state. The board shall have control and supervision of the licensed occupations, and enforcement of the terms and provisions of this chapter.

329.190. 1. The state board of cosmetology shall be composed of seven members, including one voting public member and one member who is a licensed school owner pursuant to subsection 1 of section 329.040, appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The term of office of each member shall be four years.

- 2. The members of the board shall receive as compensation for their services the sum set by the board not to exceed fifty dollars for each day actually spent in attendance at meetings of the board, within the state, not to exceed forty-eight days in any calendar year, and in addition thereto they shall be reimbursed for all necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties as members of the board.
- 3. All members, except the public member, shall be cosmetologists, electrologists, and manicurists duly registered

as such and licensed pursuant to the laws of this state, and shall be United States citizens and shall have been residents of this state for at least one year next preceding their appointments and shall have been actively engaged in the lawful practice of cosmetology for a period of at least five years. public member shall be at the time of the person's appointment a citizen of the United States; a resident of this state for a period of one year and a registered voter; a person who is not and never was a member of any profession licensed or regulated pursuant to this chapter or the spouse of such person; and a person who does not have and never has had a material, financial interest in either the providing of the professional services regulated by this chapter, or an activity or organization directly related to any profession licensed or regulated pursuant to this chapter. All members, including public members, shall be chosen from lists submitted by the director of the division of professional registration. The duties of the public member shall not include the determination of the technical requirements to be met for licensure or whether any person meets such technical requirements or of the technical competence or technical judgment of a licensee or a candidate for licensure. Any member who is a school owner shall not be allowed access to the testing and examination materials nor to attend the administration of the examinations, except when such member is being examined for licensure.

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